



# Encapsulated Submersible Motors, 6" and 8"

# GB

## Assembly and operating instructions



**Franklin Electric**

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## EC Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Franklin Electric Europa GmbH  
Rudolf-Diesel-Strasse 20  
D-54516 Wittlich/Germany

Product: 6-Inch and 8-Inch Encapsulated Submersible Motors

Type Designations: 226..., 236..., 239..., 276..., 279...

The above products are in conformity with the following European Directives:

**2014/35/EU** (Low Voltage Directive)

and

**2014/30/EU** (EMC Directive)

Applied harmonized standards: **EN 60034-1**

Applied national standards: **NEMA MG 1-2016: 18.170, 18.181**

J. A. Weber  
Manager, Product Certification Engineering

1 February 2018

# 1 With this document

These assembly and operating instructions form an integral part of the submersible motor and describe its safe, intended use in all operating phases.

**Storage and handing over**

- ⇒ Keep the assembly and operating instructions in the immediate vicinity of the motor.
- ⇒ Hand the assembly and operating instructions over to every subsequent user of the motor.

**Application**

These assembly and operating instructions only apply to the motors described here.

## 1.1 Warning notices and warning symbols

Warning notices point out special dangers and indicate the measures that can be taken to avoid the danger. Warning notices come in three levels:

Warning word	Meaning
<b>DANGER</b>	Immediate danger to life and health
<b>WARNING</b>	Possible danger to life and health
<b>CAUTION</b>	Possible danger of slight injury or material damage

Warning notices are built up as follows:



**Warning word**

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*Type and source of danger as well as the possible consequences of measures not being observed!*

- ⊙ *Forbidden actions.*
  - ⇒ *Measures to avoid the danger.*
- 

## 1.2 Instructions and highlights

In these assembly and operating instructions, we use the following symbols and, for improved legibility and uniform identification, highlights:

- Insulation measuring unit (this indicates a listing)
- ☑ Instructions ... observed (this indicates a condition)
- ⇒ Switch off the motor. (this indicates an instruction to take action)
- Motor has stopped. (this indicates the result of the action)
- Immediately switch off** the motor... (you can see a highlight in bold here)



**Note**

*Specifically, important information is given here. You should observe this information to ensure correct and safe operation of the motor.*

## 2 Safety

This section describes the safety rules which you have to observe for the safe use of submersible motors. Possible sources of danger and the relevant safety measures are listed here.

### 2.1 Intended use

Franklin Electric submersible motors are only intended for integration with a machine in order to drive the relevant machine under water. They must only be put into use if the machine fulfils the provisions of the applicable directives and statutory provisions.

Installation location: Vertical (Mandatory mounting position: vertical, shaft up. Only one diameter step allowed, i.e. 6" motor on 8" pump). Horizontal (only allowed if the pump size is identical to the motor size, e.g. 6" motor with 6" pump). The pump has to sufficient "Down Thrust" transmit to the motor.

The submersible motors must only be used in clean, highly fluid media, such as drinking or process water.

The following media are not allowed: air, highly flammable, explosive media and wastewater.

#### Loss of guarantee and exclusion of liability

Franklin Electric shall not be liable for the damage resulting from any further, non-intended use. The risk of such use rests solely with the user.

### 2.2 Target group

The electrical system must only be installed by professional staff (qualified electrical engineers or electrical machine technicians).

### 2.3 General safety instructions

The following safety measures must be observed prior to putting the motor into use:

- Do not carry out any other work on the motor than described in these instructions.
- Only use the motor under water (the motor and the short motor cable must be fully submersed).
- Do not implement any changes or conversions to the motor or its electrical connections.
- Never open the motor.
- Never use the motor in combination with damaged pump units or parts.
- Only work on the motor when it is switched off. No work or checks require the motor to be running.
- Switch off the power supply to the motor before carrying out any work on it.
- Make sure that nobody can switch on the voltage unexpectedly while work is being carried out on the motor.
- Never work on electrical systems during a thunderstorm.
- Make sure immediately after ending the work that all protective and safety devices have been fitted again and are operational.
- Before switching on the motor, make sure that all electrical connections and safety devices have been checked and that all fuses and safeties have been set correctly.
- Make sure that no danger zones are freely accessible (e.g. rotating parts, suction locations, pressure output locations, electrical connections).
- Observe the pump manufacturer's commissioning instructions.
- If motors or pump units have been used in contaminated media they must be marked as such before handing them over to a third party (e.g. when submitting them for repair). Pay attention to possible residues in "Dead spaces" (diaphragm cover).
- Repairs must only be carried out by authorized professional workshops. Use only original Franklin Electric spare parts.

### 3 Storage, transport, disposal

- Storage**
- ⇒ Store the motor in its original packaging until the time of installing it.
  - ⇒ If the motor is stored standing up, make sure that it cannot topple over (shaft always pointing up!).
  - ⇒ Do not store the motor in direct sunlight or within the reach of other heat sources.
  - ⇒ Observe the storage temperature (-15 - +60 °C, see Technical specifications).

**Transport**



**DANGER**

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***Falling loads may cause lethal injuries or may crush parts of the body!***

- ⊙ Nobody is allowed to be located under suspended loads.
  - ⇒ Only use approved hoisting gear.
  - ⇒ Select the hoisting gear on the basis of the total weight to be transported.
- 

**Unpacking**

- ⇒ After unpacking the motor check it for possible damage, e.g. damage to the diaphragm cover, housing, endbell, connection and motor cable.
- ⇒ Immediately inform the supplier of any damage found.



**DANGER**

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***Danger to life due to electrocution if the motor cable is damaged!***

- ⊙ Do **not** install the motor and do **not** put it into operation.
- 

**Disposal**

In order to avoid environmental damage:

- Avoid contamination by lubricants, detergents etc.
- Dispose of the motor and the packaging material in a proper, environmentally sound manner.
- Observe local regulations.

### 4 Technical specifications

Description	Value
Performance/model number	6": 4 - 45 kW (HighTemp90 up to 30 kW) models 236 ... (276 ...) 8": 30 - 150 kW (HighTemp75 up to 110 kW) models 239 ... (279 ...)
Voltage range	220 V ... 690 V, 3~ 50/60 Hz
Frequency tolerance	± 2%
Voltage tolerance (on the motor terminals)	50 Hz: -10 / +6 % of U <sub>N</sub> , i.e. at a nominal voltage of 380-415 V: 380V -10 % = 342V / 415V + 6 % = 440 V 60 Hz: +/- 10% of U <sub>N</sub>
Speed	approx. 2900 rpm at 50 Hz & 3450 rpm at 60 Hz
Start alternatives	Direct starting, wye-delta-starting
Switching frequency	6" - Max. 20 switching actions per hour with a minimum off time of 90 s 8" - Max. 10 switching actions per hour with a minimum off time of 90 s
Protection	IP 68 according to IEC 60529
Insulation class	F (155°C)

Description	Value
Submersion depth	max. 350 m
Installation location	Vertical (Mandatory mounting position: vertical, shaft up. Only one diameter step allowed, i.e. 6" motor on 8" pump). Horizontal (only allowed if the pump size is identical to the motor size, e.g. 6" motor with 6" pump). The pump has to sufficient "Down Thrust" transmit to the motor. No general warranty when built-in in booster systems.
Operating temperature	$\geq -3$ °C
Sound pressure level	$\leq 70$ dB(A)
Maximum axial thrust towards the motor	6" Standard:            4 - 22 kW    15.5 kN (optional: 45kN) 30 kW        27.5 kN (optional: 45kN) 37 / 45 kW    45 kN 6" HighTemp90°C: all Ratings    45kN 8" Standard and HighTemp75°C:    45 kN
Maximum axial thrust away from the motor (only for a short-time load of max. 3 minutes; independent of performance rating)	6": 1400 N 8" 30 - 75 kW 1400 N 93 - 150 kW 3400 N
Material	The person placing the order is responsible for selecting the correct material, specifically as regards its resistance in the medium to be transported. 304SS/Cast Iron Version: Stator 304, powder-coated castings 304SS: Stator and castings in 304SS 316SS: Stator and castings in 316SS
Motor fluid	FES 91 (approved, water-based emulsion); FES92 (for HighTemp 75/90 motors)
Weight	Technical data sheets (see appendix)
Storage temperature	$-15$ °C to $+60$ °C
Short motor cable	KTW and VDE- tested (HighTemp Motors with cable without KTW approval) 6": Motor cable 4.0 m length 8": Motor cable 8.0 m length
Connection flange	6", 8": NEMA flange (see appendix)
Temperature monitoring	PT100 temperature sensor for retrofitting SubTemp (Subtrol) temperature sensor + SubMonitor Connect tripping device PTC temperature sensor (only for 6" 4 - 30 kW, sensor with cable)
Medium temperature	6" Standard: 4-30kW Nominal 30°C; 37/45kW Nominal 50°C 6" HighTemp90: Nominal 90°C 8" Standard: Nominal 30°C 8" HighTemp75: Nominal 75°C
Coolant flow speed (is the speed of the medium flowing along the motor casing during normal operation)	Nominal 0.16 m/sec In the event of higher media temperatures operation is only allowed if you <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• reduce the performance (De-Rating)</li> <li>• increase the coolant flow speed</li> </ul>

## 5 Putting the motor into use

### 5.1 Checking the motor prior to installing it

If a leak is visible or if the motor is more than one year old (e.g. in the event of re-use or after long storage):

⇒ Check the fluid level in the motor prior to installing it.

**Tools** You need the following tools for assembly and inspection work:

- Insulation measuring unit: 500 VDC testing
  - Filling Kit 308 726 103
- ⇒ Determine the age of the motor by checking the type plate (see Figure 5-1).

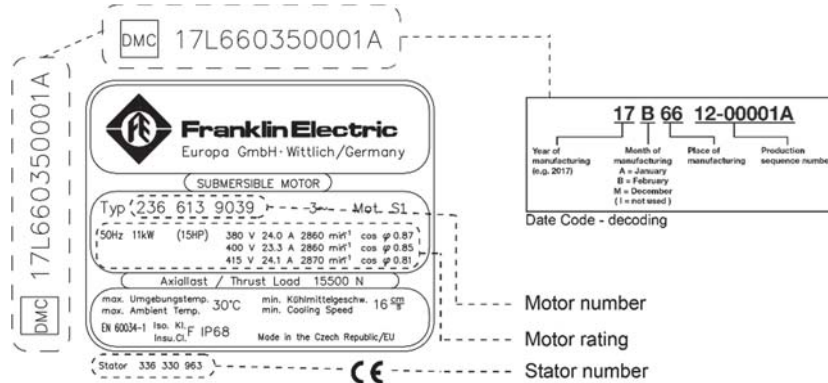


Figure 5-1: Type plate with date of manufacture

#### 5.1.1 Checking the motor fluid



**Motor damage due to being insufficiently filled!**

- ⇒ Fill the motor with sufficient motor fluid
- ⇒ Wear safety goggles and gloves when filling and draining the motor.

⇒ Top up using original motor fluid from Franklin Electric (5 litres concentrate Id. no. 308 353 941)  
**Never use distilled water!**

- Filling volumes**
- 6": max. 1.5 liter
  - 8": max. 3.5 liter

#### Venting the motor



Figure 5-2: Venting the motor

- ⇒ Place the motor horizontally so that the filling valve is located at the highest position.
- ⇒ Remove the plug (3) from the filling valve.

Carefully push the test pin (2) into the filling valve until air and some fluid escape from it.

#### Checking the motor

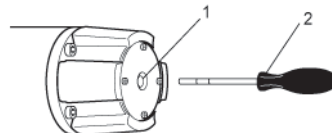


Figure 5-3: Checking the motor fluid

- ⇒ Feed the test pin (2) through the opening (1) in the diaphragm housing until you can feel resistance.
- ⇒ Measure the actual diaphragm distance to the side of the opening in the diaphragm cover.  
If the measured result is not identical to the target value:  
59 mm ± 2 mm (6"- motor-Cast iron/304SS / 4-30kW)  
25 mm ± 2 mm (6"- motor-304SS/316SS / 4-30kW)  
47 mm ± 2 mm (6"- motor-304SS/316SS - 37/45kW)  
47 mm ± 2 mm (6"- HighTemp90)  
44 mm ± 2 mm (6"- 45kN Version)  
37 mm ± 2 mm (8"- motors all)

### Topping up the motor

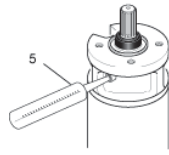


Figure 5-4: Topping up the motor fluid

- ⇒ Top up or drain motor fluid.
- ⇒ Apply the filling syringe (5) to the filling valve.
- ⇒ Top up the motor filling fluid until the value of the diaphragm position is lower than the target value.

- Adjusting the motor**
- ⇒ Adjust the diaphragm position by draining (see Venting) or topping up motor fluid until the target value is reached.
  - ⇒ Fit the plug (3) again.

## 5.2 Motor and pump assembly



**Note**

*This assembly and operating instructions only describe action steps related to the motor. You should also observe the pump unit manufacturer's instructions in all events.*

- Preparation**
- Short motor cable fitted (see 5.3.1)
  - Shaft protector removed
  - Motor shaft rotated manually before assembly – runs freely after overcoming static friction
  - Surfaces of parts to be connected are free from dust and dirt
  - Coupling attached to the pump shaft, slides on the motor shaft

**Assembly**

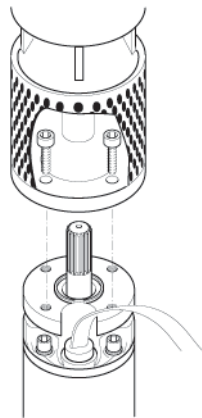


Figure 5-5: Pump assembly

- ⇒ Apply water-resistant, FDA approved, approved-free grease (e.g. Mobil FM 102, Texaco Cygnus) to the inner part of the coupling to the pump unit.
- ⇒ Make sure that the splined section is encased by an O-ring when the motor and the pump unit are assembled together.
- ⇒ Align the pump unit and motor shaft to each other, connect the pump unit and the motor.
- ⇒ Screw the motor to the pump unit, tighten the fixing screws crosswise as instructed.
  - 6": ½"-20 UNF-2B
  - 8": Bore Ø 17.5 mm
- ⇒ Protect the coupling location against contact.

## 5.3 Motor cable



**CAUTION**

**Motor damage due to damaged motor cable!**

- ⇒ Make sure that the motor cable is not in contact with any sharp edges.
- ⇒ Protect the cable against damage using the cable guard.



### 5.3.1 Connecting the short motor cable



**Note**

⇒ Always a **new** cable must be used

**Tools and Torques**

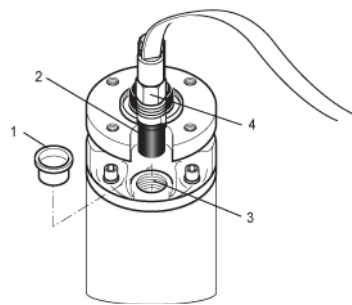
You need to use the following tools and torques for assembly and inspection work:

- 6" Motors Cast iron/304SS (all Ratings) 60 N/m ±6 N/m; Wrench 1 3/16" (30,2 mm)
- 6" Motors 304SS/316SS (all Ratings) 60 N/m ±6 N/m; Wrench 32 mm
- 8" Motors (30 – 93kW) 74 N/m ±7 N/m; Wrench 1 3/16" (30,2 mm) oder 1 5/8" (42 mm)
- 8" Motors (110 – 150kW) 9,0 N/m ±1 N/m, Allen Key 3/16" (4,7 mm)

**Preparation**

- Remove the sealing plug (1)
- Clean and dry the surfaces of the plug (2) and the socket (3)

**Assembly**



- ⇒ Pull back the jam nut (4) until the plug (2) is free
- ⇒ Apply FDA approved grease or Vaseline to the rubber casing surfaces
- ⇒ Apply acid-free grease to the thread of the union nut
- ⇒ Insert the plug (4) in the socket (3)

Figure 5-5: Connection of the short motor cable

### 5.3.2 Extending the motor cable

- The unit manufacturer's instructions regarding the cable connection have been observed
- Only extension cable and insulating material used which are suitable for the specific use (specifically drinking water) and which are approved for the temperatures occurring in the relevant medium
- Cable cross-sections: The tables in the appendix only serve as recommended suggestions. The fitter is responsible for the correct selection and dimensioning of the cable
- ⇒ Lay the cable along the pump.
- ⇒ Connect the ground conductor correctly (motors or integrated ground conductors are prepared for external grounding).
- ⇒ Protect the cable connection location against water penetration (shrink hoses, compounds or ready cable sets).
- ⇒ Make sure that the short motor cable is always fully surrounded by transport medium for proper cooling during operation.

### 5.4 Measuring the insulation resistance

This measurement is to be carried out using an insulation measuring unit (500 VDC) before and while submersing the fully assembled unit at the place of use.

- ⇒ Before submersing the unit, connect a measuring cable to the ground conductor.
- ⇒ Make sure that the contact points are clean.
- ⇒ Connect the other measuring cable to every core of the connected motor cable in succession. The insulation resistance is shown on the insulation measuring unit.

**For your information** Minimum insulation resistance (500 VDC; 1 min.; 20°C) **with extension cable:**

- for a new motor > 4 MΩ
- for a used motor > 1 MΩ

Minimum insulation resistance (500 VDC; 1 min.; 20°C) **without extension cable:**

- for a new motor > 400 MΩ
- for a used motor > 20 MΩ

## 5.5 Making the electrical motor connection



### *Danger to life due to electrocution!*

⇒ Prior to making the electrical motor connection make sure that there is no more voltage on the entire plant and that nobody can accidentally switch on the voltage again while the work is being carried out.

Observe the instructions on the motor type plate and dimension the electrical system accordingly. The connection examples in this chapter concern the actual motor and do not serve as recommendation for the upstream control elements.

- All action steps of the previous chapter have been carried out properly
- Additional safety instructions for submersible synchronous motors

### Energy supply by generator



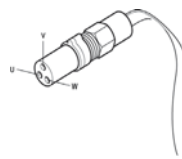
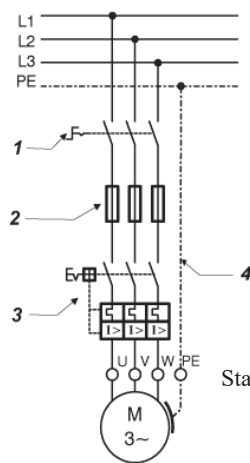
#### **Note**

*We urgently recommend that you discuss the plant dimensions with the generator manufacturer.*

*The voltage tolerance -10 % to +6 % -50Hz and +/-10% - 60Hz motors (on the motor terminals) and the deviation of a motor current from the mean value of all three currents must not be more than 5 %.*

- Generator selected on the basis of the motor start behaviour, i.e. starting current with a mean  $\cos \phi$  of 0.5
  - Sufficient continuous generator power available
  - Voltage at start at least 55 % of the nominal voltage
- ⇒ You must follow the following switch-on sequences unconditionally:  
 first switch on the generator and then the motor.  
 first switch off the motor and then the generator.

### Fusing and motor protection



Standard:	6" HiTemp90
U = black	U= black
V = grey (blue)	V= white
W = brown	W= red

- ⇒ Provide an external mains switch (1) enabling the voltage to be removed from the system.
- ⇒ Provide fuses (2) for every single phase on site.
- ⇒ Provide a motor starting and protection switch (3) (see connection alternatives)
- ⇒ Provide an emergency stop system, if required for your specific application.
- ⇒ Ground the motor (4) (exterior grounding possible with all motors)

Figure 5-10: Fusing and motor protection

**Surge voltage protection**

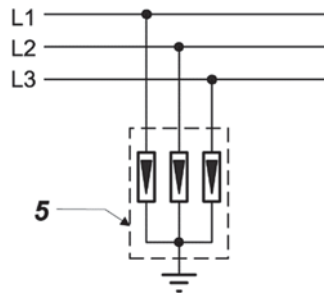


Figure 5-12: Surge voltage protection

⇒ Integrate an overload protector in accordance with IEC 60099 in the power supply (lightning safety (5)).

**Connection alternatives**

The motors can be used for clockwise and anti-clockwise rotation. The connection example shows the usual circuit with a right-hand field and an anti-clockwise direction of rotation:

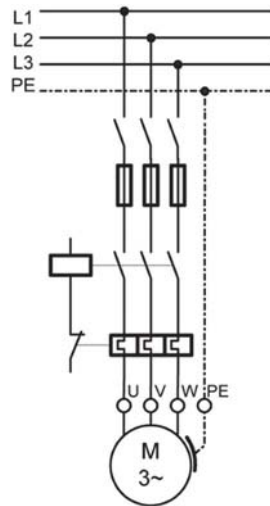


Figure 5-13: Direct starting

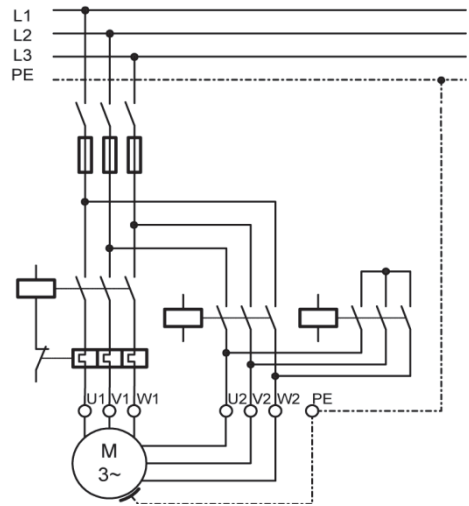


Figure 5-14: Wye-delta-starting

**Motor safety switch**

A motor safety switch (overload relay) is absolutely necessary!

Only use thermal trips of tripping categories 10A or 10, with

- ⇒ tripping time < 10 s at 500 %  $I_N$  (nominal current),
- ⇒ phase sensitivity,
- ⇒ temperature compensation from 20 to 40 °C.
- ⇒ Set the motor protection unit to the value of the operating current measured without exceeding the rated motor current  $I_N$  (as indicated on the type plate).

## 6 Motor operation

### 6.1 Making sure that the motor is cooled sufficiently



#### *Damage to the motor and the motor cable due to overheating*

- ⇒ Make sure that the coolant flow speed along the motor is sufficient.
- ⇒ Make sure that the short motor cable is always fully surrounded by transport medium for proper cooling.



Figure 6-1: Cooling tube

If the required minimum coolant flow speed cannot be reached (e.g. if the inlet opening of the well is located above the motor or if using large-diameter wells):

- ⇒ Fit a cooling tube (see figure 6-1).
- ⇒ Make sure that the cooling tube encases the entire motor and the pump water inlet opening.  
The motor is force-cooled.

### 6.2 Providing a check valve and a level sensor

- ⇒ Provide one spring-loaded check valve in the production tube in case no such check valve has been fitted in the pump.
- ⇒ Ensure that the first check valve is no further than 7 m (metres) away from the pump.
- ⇒ Install a level sensor for wells with a highly varying water inflow.

### 6.3 Switching on the motor

- ☑ All action steps of the previous chapter have been carried out properly
- ⇒ Switch on the motor using the mains switch in the control cabinet.
- ⇒ Measure the following values after switching on:
  - Motor operating current in every phase
  - Mains voltage when motor is running
  - Level of the medium to be transported
- ⇒ **Immediately switch off the motor if:**
  - the nominal current as specified on the type plate is exceeded,
  - voltage tolerances of more than -10 % / +6 % to 50Hz and +/- 10% to 60Hz, relative to the nominal voltage are measured on the motor,
  - there is a risk of the motor running dry,
  - a motor current deviates from the mean value of all three currents by more than 5 %.

### 6.4 Operating a motor with a frequency converter



#### **Note**

*When operating a motor with a frequency converter, the relevant operating manual must be observed!*

- ⇒ Make sure that the motor current in all operating levels of the regulating range does not exceed the nominal motor current indicated on the type plate.
- ⇒ Adjust the frequency converter so that the limit values for the nominal motor frequency of min. 30 Hz and max. the value of the nominal motor frequency are observed.
- ⇒ Limit any voltage peaks on the motor when using a frequency converter to the following values:  
max. voltage rises 500 V/μs, max. voltage peak 1000V.

- ⇒ Make sure that the running up time from 0 to 1800 rpm and the deceleration time from 1800 to 0 rpm is maximum one second.
- ⇒ Dimension the cable such that power loss due to additional filters is taken into consideration.
- ⇒ Make sure that the required coolant flow speed along the motor is also observed with frequency converter operation.

## 6.5 Operating a motor with a soft starter



**Note**

*When operating a motor with a soft starter, the relevant operating manual must be observed!*

- ⇒ Set the starting voltage of the soft starter to 55 % of the nominal voltage and set the running up and delay times to max. three seconds.
- ⇒ Bridge the soft starter after running up, using a contactor.

## 7 Maintenance and service

The motor is maintenance-free; no maintenance or service activities are necessary.

## 8 Troubleshooting

Fault	Remedy
Unusual noises, problems with the true running of the pump or the pump switching on and off too frequently.	⇒ Try to find the cause of the fault on the pump unit.
The pump repeatedly switches off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>⇒ Have the insulation resistance checked by a professional (see chapter 5.4).</li> <li>⇒ If no cause can be found in the motor or the motor cable: Have the electrical system checked.</li> </ul>

## 9 Service

Repairs must only be carried out by authorised professional workshops (only use original Franklin Electric spare parts).

Additional safety instructions for submersible synchronous motors

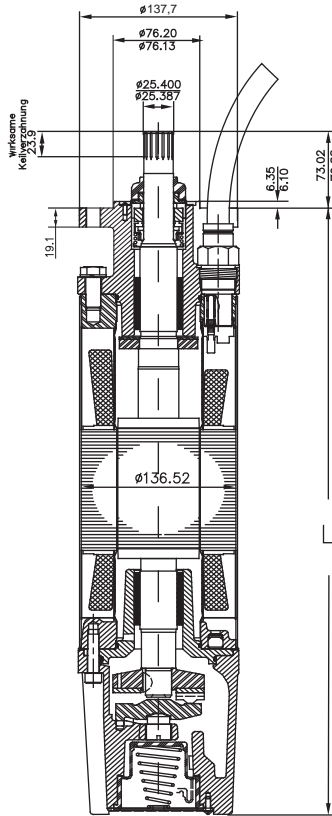
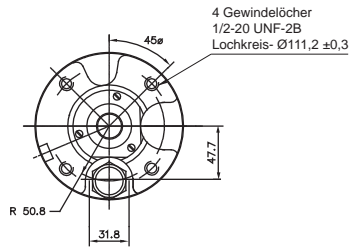
If you have any questions or problems, please contact your dealer or contact Franklin Electric via Internet or mail to [service-de@franklinwater.eu](mailto:service-de@franklinwater.eu).

## 10 Appendix

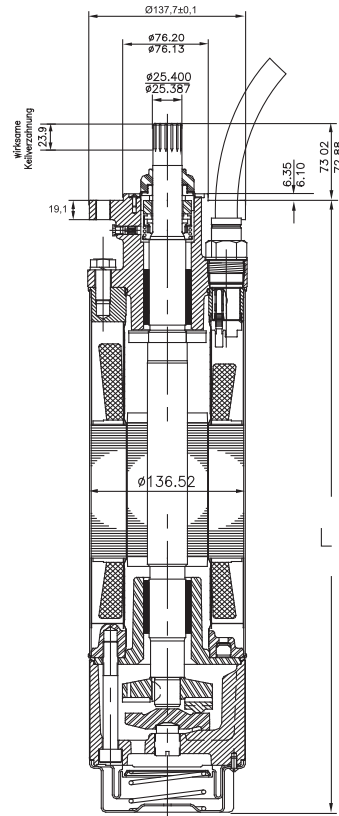
Page	Explanation
Page A	Outline drawings 6" / 8" Standard Motors
Page B	Outline drawings HiTemp 75/90 Motors
Page C	Motor Test Report (MTR)
Page D	Cable cross-sections DOL and YD



### 6" Encapsulated

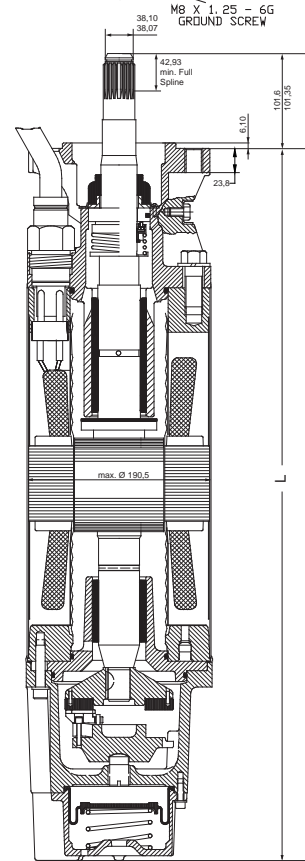
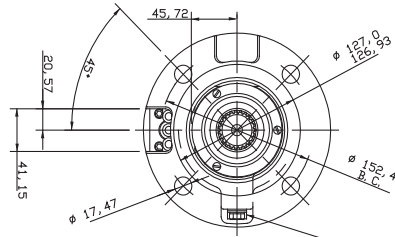


Cast Iron - 304SS



304SS / 316SS

### 8" Encapsulated



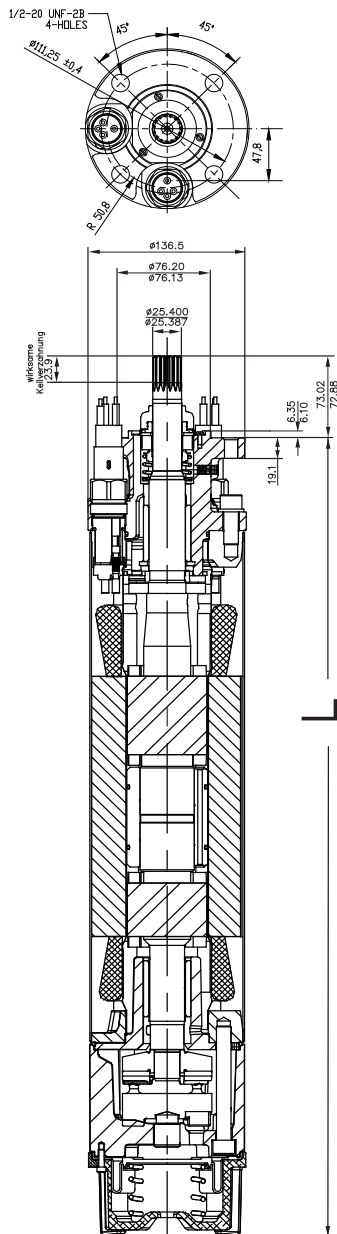
P <sub>N</sub> [kW]	Cast Iron - 304SS L [mm]	304SS* L [mm]	316SS** L [mm]	Motor Package Size [mm]	Shipping Weight [kg]***	
					DOL	YΔ
4	581,2	570,7	570,7	155 x 212 x 800	41,3	40,3
5,5	614,4	604,0	604,0	155 x 212 x 800	44,9	43,9
7,5	646,2	635,8	635,8	155 x 212 x 800	49,0	48,0
9,3	678,7	668,3	668,3	155 x 212 x 1070	51,3	50,3
11	711,2	700,8	700,8	155 x 212 x 1070	54,7	53,7
15	776,2	765,8	765,8	155 x 212 x 1070	60,5	59,5
18,5	841,5	831,1	831,1	155 x 212 x 1070	67,1	66,1
22	906,5	896,1	896,1	155 x 212 x 1070	73,1	72,1
30	1036,6	1026,2	1026,2	155 x 212 x 1200	87,7	87,7
37		1476,7	1476,7	223 x 267 x 1823	136	
45		1629,2	1629,2	223 x 267 x 1823	156	

P <sub>N</sub> [kW]	304/316 L [mm]	Motor Package Size [mm]	Shipping Weight [kg]
30	925	228 x 430 x 1308	145
37	1000	228 x 430 x 1308	157
45	1077	228 x 430 x 1308	172
55	1264	228 x 430 x 1632	227
75	1455	228 x 447 x 1981	265
93	1748	228 x 447 x 1981	318
110	1976	228 x 447 x 2438	381
130	2179	228 x 447 x 2438	420
150	2408	228 x 447 x 2438	494

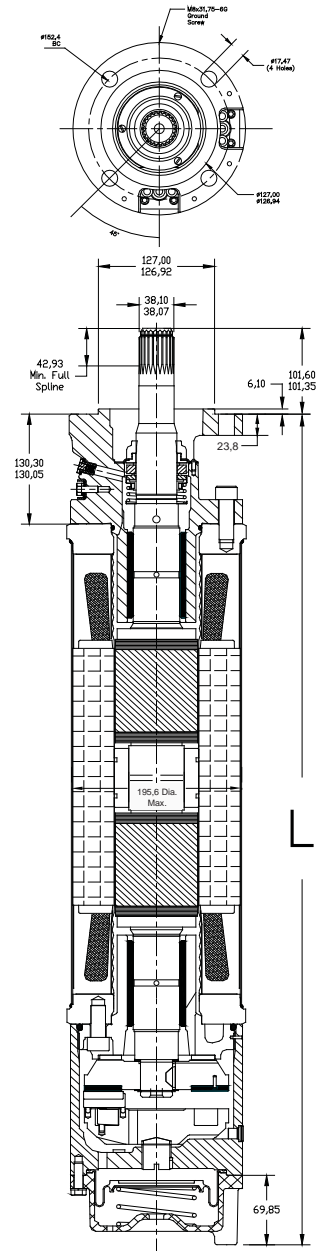
\* HighThrust Version + ~60mm  
 \*\* HighThrust Version + ~70mm  
 \*\*\* HighThrust Version + ~4Kg



### 6" Encapsulated HighTemp 90°C



### 8" Encapsulated HighTemp 75°C



P <sub>N</sub> [kW]	L [mm]	Motor Package Size [mm]	Shipping Weight [kg]
3.7	716	190,5 x 273,5 x 876,3	55
5.5	752	190,5 x 273,5 x 876,3	61
7.5	780	190,5 x 273,5 x 939,8	68
11	846	190,5 x 273,5 x 1073,2	73
15	909	190,5 x 273,5 x 1073,2	81
18.5	1041	190,5 x 273,5 x 1200,2	94
22	1410	222,2 x 273,5 x 1822,4	138
30	1562	222,2 x 273,5 x 1822,4	152

P <sub>N</sub> [kW]	L [mm]	Motor Package Size [mm]	Shipping Weight [kg]
30	1138	432 x 245 x 1295	182
37	1265	432 x 245 x 1626	207
45	1455	432 x 245 x 1626	252
55	1747	432 x 245 x 2007	318
75	1976	432 x 245 x 2438	382
93	2179	432 x 245 x 2438	421
110	2408	432 x 245 x 2743	473



FEE - NO.: \_\_\_\_\_

VISIT DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

### Motor Test Report

Additional comments under "Remarks"

#### 1. CUSTOMER / USER

Company: \_\_\_\_\_ Country: \_\_\_\_\_ Town: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Talked To: \_\_\_\_\_ Tel.: \_\_\_\_\_ Assembler: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 2. MOTOR

Model-Nb.: \_\_\_\_\_ Rating [kW]: \_\_\_\_\_ Voltage [V]: \_\_\_\_\_ Hz: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date Code: \_\_\_\_\_ Sequenz-Nb.: \_\_\_\_\_ Stator- Nb.: \_\_\_\_\_ Material: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Built in: \_\_\_\_\_ Equipped for: \_\_\_\_\_ Worked with: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Worked for:  Month: \_\_\_\_\_  Days: \_\_\_\_\_  Hours: \_\_\_\_\_  Date failed: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 3. INSTALLATION

Vertical  Horizontal Pump Make: \_\_\_\_\_ Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Well depth [m]: \_\_\_\_\_ Well diameter [cm]: \_\_\_\_\_ Pump at [m]: \_\_\_\_\_ Water inlet at [m]: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Cable lenght [m]: \_\_\_\_\_ Cable square[m]: \_\_\_\_\_ Protection make: \_\_\_\_\_ Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water: \_\_\_\_\_ Temperature: \_\_\_\_\_ PH-Value: \_\_\_\_\_ Setting [A]: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 4. EXTERNAL MEASUREMENTS

Shaft high: \_\_\_\_\_ Upper End Bell: \_\_\_\_\_ Shaft Rotation: \_\_\_\_\_ Slinger: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Stator Shell: \_\_\_\_\_ Lower End Bell: \_\_\_\_\_ Deposits: \_\_\_\_\_ Valve: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Splines: \_\_\_\_\_ Diaphragm Pos.: \_\_\_\_\_ Lead Insul.: \_\_\_\_\_ Connector: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Nameplate: \_\_\_\_\_ Leakage: \_\_\_\_\_ Lead Clamp: \_\_\_\_\_ Hi-Pot: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Lead Sealing: \_\_\_\_\_ Plug Resin: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 5. ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS

Phase 1 [Ω]: \_\_\_\_\_ Phase 2 [Ω]: \_\_\_\_\_ Phase 3 [Ω]: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mainphase [Ω]: \_\_\_\_\_ Startphase [Ω]: \_\_\_\_\_ Insulation Resist. [MΩ]: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 6. TEARDOWN

Prong: \_\_\_\_\_ Windings: \_\_\_\_\_ Winding Splicing: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Filling Liquid: \_\_\_\_\_ Diaphragm: \_\_\_\_\_ Segments: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Thrust Bearing: \_\_\_\_\_ Lower Radial Bearing: \_\_\_\_\_ Upper Radial Bearing: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sleeve Lower Shaft End : \_\_\_\_\_ Sleeve Upper Shaft End : \_\_\_\_\_ Up-Thrust Bearing: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Shaft Seal : \_\_\_\_\_ Liner : \_\_\_\_\_ Rotor Core PM: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Stator Endring : \_\_\_\_\_ Cage Thrust Bearing : \_\_\_\_\_ Pressure Test Line : \_\_\_\_\_  
 Pressure Test Stator PU : \_\_\_\_\_

#### 7. CONTROL BOX

Control Box Type: \_\_\_\_\_ Defective: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 8. REMARKS

\_\_\_\_\_

Tech. Warranty : \_\_\_\_\_ Com. Warranty: \_\_\_\_\_  Repair  Scrap Defect: \_\_\_\_\_ Cause: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Entered into EDP: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_





maximum lengths in meters for 400V / 50Hz and 3% voltage drop at 50°C ambient temperature and 90°C at copper wire																			
Jacketed Drop Cable Length																			
DOL - Delta start																			
rating		cable size mm <sup>2</sup> , copper wire - 90°C rated insulation																	
KW	HP	2,5	4	6	8,4	10	16	25	35	50	70	95	120	150	185	240	300	400	500
4	5,5	95	155	230	325	385	605	915											
5,5	7,5	70	110	170	235	280	440	670	915										
7,5	10	50	80	126	175	205	325	500	685	935									
9,3	12,5	40	65	100	145	170	270	410	565	770	1030								
11	15		55	85	120	140	225	345	470	645	865	1110							
13	17,5		50	75	105	125	195	300	410	560	750	965							
15	20		40	65	90	105	170	265	360	495	665	855	1030						
18,5	25			50	75	85	140	210	290	400	530	680	810	950					
22	30				64	75	120	180	250	340	455	585	700	815	945				
26	35					60	100	150	210	290	385	500	600	705	815	970			
30	40						85	135	185	250	335	430	515	600	695	820	935		
37	50							105	150	205	270	350	420	485	565	665	760	875	980
45	60							90	125	175	235	310	375	445	520	630	730	860	980
52	70							80	110	155	210	270	325	385	450	540	625	735	840
55	75								105	145	195	255	305	360	420	505	580	685	770
60	80								95	135	185	240	290	345	400	485	560	660	750
67	90									120	160	210	255	300	350	415	480	565	640
75	100									105	145	185	225	270	315	375	435	510	580
83	111									95	130	170	210	250	290	350	405	480	540
85	114										125	160	195	230	265	315	365	425	480
93	125										115	150	185	215	255	300	350	410	460
110	150											120	145	170	200	235	270	310	350
130	175												130	155	180	215	250	290	330
150	200													145	170	205	235	275	280
185	250															140	160	185	210
220	300															130	150	175	200
250	335																125	145	160
300	400																		150
350	470																		120
400	540																		

Wye - Delta start																			
rating		cable size mm <sup>2</sup> , copper wire - 90°C rated insulation																	
KW	HP	2,5	4	6	8,4	10	16	25	35	50	70	95	120	150	185	240	300	400	500
4	5,5	145	230	350	485	575	900												
5,5	7,5	106	170	250	350	420	660	1010											
7,5	10	75	125	185	260	310	490	750	1025										
9,3	12,5	60	100	155	215	255	405	620	845	1160									
11	15	50	85	130	180	210	340	520	715	980									
13	17,5	45	75	110	155	185	295	450	615	845	1125								
15	20	40	65	95	135	160	260	395	540	740	995								
18,5	25	30	50	80	110	130	210	320	435	600	800	1025							
22	30		45	65	95	110	180	275	375	510	685	875	1050						
26	35		35	55	80	95	150	230	315	435	580	750	900	1055					
30	40			50	70	80	130	200	275	375	500	645	775	905	1045				
37	50				55	65	105	160	220	305	410	525	625	730	845	1000			
45	60					55	90	135	190	260	355	460	560	665	780	945	1095		
52	70					50	80	120	165	230	310	405	490	580	680	815	940		
55	75						75	115	155	220	295	380	460	545	635	760	875	1025	
60	80						70	105	145	205	275	360	435	510	605	725	840	990	1130
67	90						60	95	130	180	240	315	380	450	525	625	720	845	960
75	100							85	115	160	215	280	340	405	470	565	655	765	875
83	111							75	105	145	200	260	315	375	435	525	610	715	820
85	114							70	100	135	185	240	290	345	400	475	550	640	725
93	125							65	95	130	175	230	275	325	380	455	525	615	695
110	150									105	140	180	220	255	300	355	405	465	525
130	175									95	125	160	195	230	270	325	375	435	495
150	200										105	140	170	200	230	275	320	400	420
185	250											110	130	155	180	210	240	280	315
220	300												115	140	160	195	225	260	300
250	335													105	125	140	170	220	250
300	400														110	125	150	175	205
350	470															125	145	170	190
400	540															110	130	150	170

The voltage drop losses in the cable cross-section has a linear uniformity and can easily be converted from 3% to the respective voltage drop losses and the resulting length. An example: 45 KW motor DOL with cable cross section 25mm<sup>2</sup> has a max. cable length of 90 meters. What length can be achieved up to 5% voltage drop losses? Calculation: Length 90 m / 3 (%) x 5 (%) = 150 m

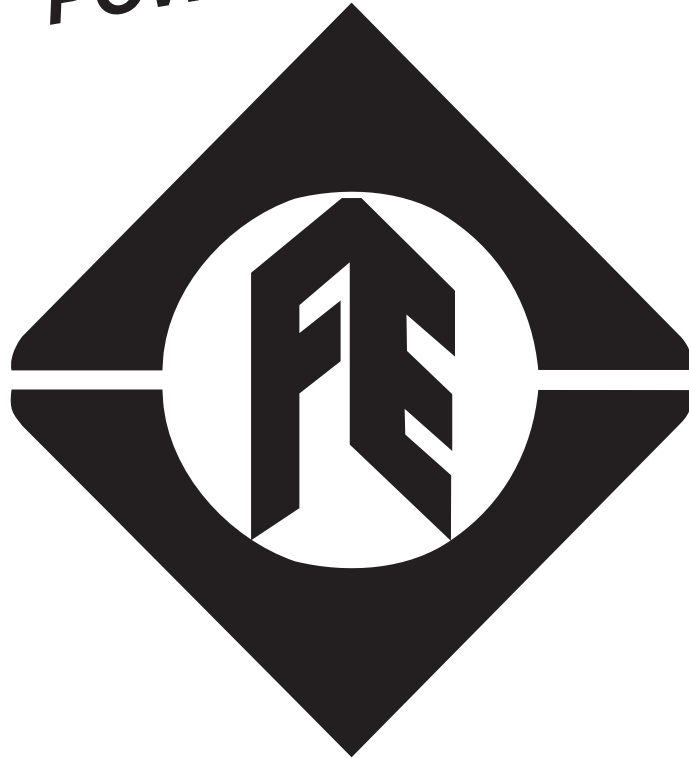






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